

Laughton All Saints' CE Primary Knowledge Organiser

CLASS 3

The Egyptians

HISTORY

KEY VOCABULARY

Tomb: a large grave that is above the ground.

Pyramids: the giant Tombs built for dead Pharaohs.

Sarcophagus: a large stone box that held a mummy's coffin.

Reign: when a king or queen rules a country.

Afterlife: the place where Egyptians believed they would go after they died.

Hieroglyphics: Writing system that uses pictures rather than words

Embalming: A process which preserves the body and stops it from rotting after death.

Mummification: a process in which the skin and flesh of a corpse can be preserved

Canopic jar: Special jars that held the organs of a mummy including the lungs, intestines, liver and stomach

Sphinx: A huge limestone statue in Giza, believed to show the head of Pharaoh Khafre

Slave: someone who is the property of another person and has to work for that person.



FACTS AND DATES

3000BCE: Hieroglyphics started being used.

2600BCE: Pyramids started to be built.

1342BCE: Tutankhamun is born.

1333-1324BCE: Tutankhamun reigned.

1324BCE: Tutankhamun died.

332BCE: Alexander the Great (A Greek) conquered Egypt.

1922CE: The tomb of Tutankhamun was found.

IMPORTANT PEOPLE

Pharaoh: the name the Ancient Egyptians gave to their kings. They were the supreme ruler of all of Ancient Egypt.

Howard Carter: An archaeologist who uncovered the tomb of Tutankhamun.

Lord Carnarvon: Financially backed the tomb excavation

STICKY KNOWLEDGE

When and Where?

Egypt is in North Africa. It was a very developed civilisation more than 5000 years (from 3000BCE)

Egypt was conquered by the Romans in 30BCE. They lived in a very dry area next to the River Nile.

How people lived

The civilisations depended on the River Nile, which is the longest river in the world (4187 miles). It provided them with water and fertile land for farming. Heavy rain fell from July to October. The Nile would flood and leave silt which made the land very fertile. Farmers scattered seeds and Ox would pull ploughs. They grew wheat and barley and also hunted animals.

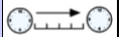
Way of life and culture:

Hieroglyphs were called the 'words of God' by Egyptians. They were a series of symbols to represents letters and numbers

Egyptians used reeds called papyrus to make paper for scrolls to write on.

What did Egyptians believe?

Egyptians believed in different gods and goddesses. There were over 2000! Egyptians believed that when they died they went to another world so they needed to be equipped. This is why rich people and the Pharaohs got buried with jewellery, tools, chariots and weapons.



Time Line: A timeline shows when things happened over a period of time.

3000BCE: Hieroglyphics started being used

1285BCE: Battle of Kadesh

Tutankhamun (1332-1323 BCE)

Old Kingdom: 2649BCE-2150BCE

Middle Kingdom: 2134BCE-1783BCE

New Kingdom: 1550BCE-1070BCE

2600BCE : Pyramids started being built

Cleopatra (51-30BCE)